IN THE SPECIFICATION

Page 6, after the heading "Brief Description of the Drawings" please amend as follows:

Figures 1 and 2 depict timers comprising a film on a glass-slide undergoing a color change at refrigerator temperature.

Figure 3 depicts a timer similar to that depicted in Figure 1 undergoing a color change at room temperature.

Figure 4 depicts a timer similar to that depicted in Figure 1, but with a different redox indicator, undergoing a color change at refrigerator temperature.

Figures 5, 6, 7, and 8 depict timers comprising films deposited on the non-adhesive surface of polyester adhesive films undergoing color changes at various times and temperatures.

Figure 1 is a cross-sectional view of the timing device of this invention placed on an adhesive-backed film.

Figure 2A is a depiction of the timing device of this invention placed on a box containing a consumer good.

Figure 2B is a depiction of the timing device of this invention placed on a box containing a consumer good and after a period of time indicating color change of the timing device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Figure 1 shows the device 20 of the present invention in which a polymer film 10, such as a polyester film containing an adhesive layer 12 is

coated with a matrix layer 14 having mixed therein a redox indicator and a metal ion.

Figures 2A and 2B show a container 22 containing a consumer good in which the timing device 20 such as shown in Figure 1 is adhered thereto.

Figure 2A shows timing device 20 having an initial color and Figure 2B shows a color change of timing device 20 upon the passage of time and exposure to air, thus, indicating a change of freshness of the goods within the container.

Please amend page 8, lines 1 and 2 as follows:

These changes are shown in Figure 1. Changing of the entire exposed area from orange to blue occurred in 45 ± 3 days.

Page 8, after Table 2 please amend as follows:

The composition was mixed as in Example 1. A 20 mil film was also drawn and set up for aging employing the procedure set forth in Example 1. Results of the color change are shown in Figure 2. The color change occurred over a period of about 55 ± 6 days.

Example 3

The film described <u>in</u> Example 1 was aged at room temperature (72 ± 3 °F). Results of the color change are shown in Figure 3. Note the <u>The</u> size of the film was about ½" X 1", and that the bottom (covered) half also went through a color change. In this

Page 9, after Table 3 please amend as follows:

The mixture was initially blue, but gradually turned whitish-gray. As in Example 1, a film was drawn at a wet thickness of 20 mil. After drying overnight, the film was placed in a refrigerator (40°F). The bottom half of the film was wrapped in an adhesive film while the top half of the film was exposed to the air. As shown in Figure 4, the The exposed half of the film underwent a color change from white to blue over a period of about 48 days, and continued to darken with a more intense blue up to about 95 days.

Please amend page 11, second paragraph as follows:

Figure 5 shows the color change progression for Composition A at (wet) film thickness of 20 and 40 mil, and temperatures of 0°F, 40°F, and RT. Times at which color changes occurred from orange to blue for (wet) film thickness of 20 and 40 mil, and temperatures of 0°F, 40°F, and RT, are summarized in Table 5.

Please amend page 11 after Table 5 as follows:

Figure 6 displays the <u>The</u> color progressions of films drawn from Composition B. Results are summarized in Table 6.

Please amend page 11 after Table 6 as follows:

Figure 7 displays the <u>The</u> color progressions of films drawn from Composition C. Results are summarized in Table 7.

Please amend page 12 after Table 7 as follows:

Figure 8 displays the <u>The</u> color progressions of films drawn from Composition D. Results- are summarized in Table 8.